

ECUMENICAL FORUM OF PAPUAN CHURCHES

Vandalism and Violence Against Civilians Following Anti Racism Demonstrations in Papua (August 19 - September 1, 2019)

INTRODUCTION

Racism and violence against Papuan students in Malang, Surabaya, Yogyakarta and Semarang on 15-17 August 2019, carried out by radical mass organizations, such as the Islamic Defenders Front (FPI), Pemuda PancaSila (PancaSila Youth), Communication Forum for Retired Children of the TNI (FKPPI), and supported by local security forces --- have triggered protests by Papuans and solidarity groups in the form of peaceful demonstrations, both in the Land of Papua, in study cities outside of Papua, and in several cities abroad, both in the Pacific region, Southeast Asia, Europe, Africa and the United States.

Peaceful demonstrations in Tanah Papua took place, in waves, in various cities from August 19, 2019 until early September 2019. In several cities in Tanah Papua, such as: Sorong, Manokwari, Fak-Fak, Timika and Jayapura, the masses who wanted to conduct peaceful demonstrations were allegedly infiltrated by certain groups that deliberately led the masses to carry out acts of destruction of government buildings, businesses, vehicles and a number of houses that for the most part belonged to non-Papuans.

The demonstrations then triggered retaliation which resulted in clashes between residents in Fak-Fak and Jayapura and claimed the lives of several civilians and also injured dozens of civilians. The violence in Wagethe, Deiyai District, which caused a number of deaths and injuries, was purely an act of violence committed by security forces against local civilians.

After the protests against racism citizens who were involved in demonstration activities were arrested and detained in several cities, such as: Fak-Fak, Timika, Manokwari, Sorong, Jayapura and Yahukimo. Papuan students and humanitarian workers in Jakarta were criminalized. In addition, the security forces constantly carried out checks of dormitories, rented houses and junior and senior high schools where Papuan students attended school. They forced the students to identify themselves, took photos of their faces and forced them to make statements of loyalty to the Republic of Indonesia, which were recorded by video. These videos were then distributed on various channels on social media. These actions by the security forces took place in various cities outside Tanah Papua, including Sulawesi (video of Lokon High School students, Manado), Java (videos of Papuan students in Magelang,

Ambarawa, Semarang), Bali (videos of Papuan students in Jembrana) and Sumatra (videos of Papuan students at a high school in Medan), resulting in Papuan students feeling intimidated and contacting their parents in order to return to Papua immediately.

It is important to note that there has been significant effort by the Central Government and security forces to move the attention on the protests of the West Papuan people against racism towards a focus on anarchist actions. This report will show a series of key events behind the violence and destruction in certain cities during mass actions, so that the wider community can understand the actual sequence of events and the real intentions of the parties involved.

A. PEACEFUL DEMONSTRATION AND VIOLENCE AFTERMATH IN JAYAPURA

1. Demonstration on August 19, 2019

Demonstrations against racism which took place in Jayapura involved thousands of people from all strata of Papuan society. There were also non-Papuans who acted in solidarity and participated in the demonstrations. The first demonstration took place peacefully on August 19, 2019, coordinated by the Badan Eksekutif Mahasiswa (BEM) or Student Executive Board from a number of universities and colleges in Jayapura located at the Papua Governor's Office in Dock II, Jayapura. Written aspirations were presented to the Governor of Papua to be forwarded to the Central Government.

2. Demonstration on August 29-31, 2019

According to the chronology report of the rally by BEM in Jayapura City, due to the lack of progress in the handling of perpetrators of racism in Surabaya and Malang by the police, as well as the government's hard efforts to distort the focus on racism in Surabaya to other criminal issues, BEM Jayapura re-organized a second peaceful demonstration on August 29-31, 2019, in the form of a long march from Sentani, Abepura heading toward Papua Governor's Office. The distance traveled was approximately 40 kilometers. The demonstrators were not only from Sentani and Jayapura City, but also from outside areas such as Kerom, Genyem and so on. The numbers of people involved in the second action was estimated to be approximately 25,000 people which is much more than the first.

3. Acts of Vandalism & Retaliation Action by Militia Group in Jayapura

Unlike the first demonstration in Jayapura, the long march towards the Office of the Governor of Papua, was accompanied by vandalism. This acts of vandalism triggered a response from a group of non-Papuan people who call themselves the "Nusantara Community or the Red and White Front", causing casualties and injuries during and

after demonstrations. Regarding vandalism during the mass action on 29 August 2019, there are a number of facts that raise questions.

4. Facts That Raise Questions

4.1. Fact 1

Some residents around Abepura and Waena provided testimony regarding information they had heard from shop and kiosk owners that a week before the demonstration took place, residents came and bought small amounts of small rubber bands and marbles. In one shop, buyers used 4 large plastic bags to carry the rubber and marbles that they purchased. This made the shop owner wonder what they were buying this for as this was the first time anyone bought the two items in such large quantities. After the demonstration on 29 August, 2019 a number of participants of the demonstrations were seen holding slingshots to shoot marbles which were used to hit and smash the windows of a number of buildings. The shop owner remembered the purchases and suspected that the shopping items were used by rioters.

4.2. Fact 2

There were witnesses who saw that on August 29, 2019 morning, right on the edge of the Sentani highway, right near the cemetery of Waena Kampung before entering Waena and at the Waena Red Light, there was one truck each with an empty backside and only a few sacks loaded with solid contents, parked since the morning. When people were crossing towards Expo Waena with the aim of taking part in the mass demonstration, several people on an empty tailgate truck stopped them and gave them slingshot and marbles. Those that carried these slingshots proceeded to break glass from various buildings especially from the Ale-Ale Waena turn to Abepura.

Regarding the vandalism during the demonstrations, the following section provides statements from witnesses:

5. Number of Witnesses

5.1. Witness 1 (BEM)

"On August 29, 2019, around 25,000 (twenty-five thousand) people participated in a protest against racism in the courtyard of the Papua Governor's office. All elements of civil society such as traditional leaders, church leaders, youth, women, civil servants, farmers, fishermen, laborers, activists, students, underage children, mothers (pregnant) and elderly (elderly) in Jayapura City/Regency participated in the peaceful demonstration. Before going down the road, the person in charge and the field coordinator **never** called people to damage other people's belongings, take other people's belongings, burn property or places where people made a living (kiosks, shops, etc.) or threaten the security of the community during the second peaceful demonstrations. Since the beginning when handling the notification letter to the

Papua Regional Police, BEM throughout Jayapura City / Regency agreed to convey the aspirations of Papuan students and people by conducting peaceful demonstrations, and avoid any acts of theft, arson and anarchism. In the leaflet, the field technical discussion and direction from the field coordinator in the command car were conveyed very clearly that BEM in Jayapura Regency / City **never** called, agreed or requested to bring sharp instruments and objects that would endanger the comfort of others, such as slingshot, knives, machetes, axes, iron, wood, stones, arrows, bows, spears and much more. BEMs in Jayapura Regency / City **never** delivered speeches directed to damage property, buildings or offices.

5.2. Witness 2 (Rally Participants): MRP Office Burned down

"The mass demonstration packed the Sentani-Abepura and Imbi highways, in Jayapura City. The front end of the demonstration were in Abepura still at a red light and roundabout, while the back of the demonstration was in front of the Auditorium of Cenderawasih University, Abepura. At that location, the demonstrators were waiting for other demonstrators from the long march from Sentani, which resulted in total traffic jam in this area. We were waiting for friends from Sentani and Kampung Harapan from 10:54-15:30 Papua time. While we were still at Abepura roundabout, we saw smoke rising Not long after we heard that the Papuan People's Assembly Office (MRP) caught fire at 15:31 p.m. Papua time. Until now it was not clear who was the perpetrator of the MRP office arson, because the demonstrators of were still far from the MRP office ".

5.3. Witness 3 (Rally Participants): Building Throwing and Burning

"We witnessed ourselves, on August 29, 2019, on our first day of action, the demonstrators from Waena, Abepura, Kota Raja, Abe Pantai and Skyland conducted a long march in an orderly manner, and well. However, the situation changed when a number of teenagers and adults from Entrop terminal, South Jayapura began to come out and take part in the march in the front row, mostly using two-wheeled motorcycles, they were carrying slingshot equipment, rocks, bottles filled with kerosene and gasoline. They entered stalls, shops and other buildings around Entrop. They took mineral water and liquor, and after that they burnt the places they entered. We tried hard to stop them from breaking the stores, but the teenagers didn't want to hear us. This situation started at 17:00 Papua time and lasted until the long march arrived in front of the Papua Parliament office right in front of Taman Imbi (Imbi Park). When we passed in front of the port of Jayapura, we saw that the buildings around the port had caught fire. We asked demonstrators to look for water and help extinguish the blazing fire, which devoured the building. As for the Telkom office, we have arrived in front of the Papua Regional Police, when we have just seen smoke rising and someone said that it was the Telkom office that was on fire".

5.4. Witness 4 (Taxi Driver)

"When throwing stones and burning took place in Entrop, we watched from the top of the hill there (Bucend) and we saw smoke rising. When the third part of the demonstrators arrived at Entrop (along with PTC and in front of the South Jayapura District Police Station), we went to the road below, and we saw that throwing of stones had started. The Bugis-Makassar community began to attack the young demonstrators (recently arrived) and using sharp instruments, and started to chase people. The demonstrators who took part in the demonstration were mixed, not just Wamena people. Actually, the demonstration took place peacefully, and only a few stones were thrown. It was mainly the "third party" that caused chaos. How can high-rise building glass break easily? If you throw it with your hands and only stones, it is impossible. The stone that reaches the top will be too weak and fall back again. That "dorang" (they) used slingshot with marbles, so that it could make the glass up high. Moreover, marbles that were heated, hit hard objects, which broke apart, and there was nothing left. A few days before, we had heard that there were masterminds that would cause chaos in Jayapura. These people have their headquarters at the Expo, they are the ones who arranged it. The leaders are people from outside Papua ".

5.5. Witness 5 (Entrop)

The person explained that when the demonstrators arrived at Entrop, there was a black box car closed into the middle of the masses. Suddenly someone set fire to the car, making the driver run out of the car to save himself. The driver was a non-Papuan man. After the fire died down, the frame of the car box was opened and inside there were remnants of bottles and gasoline jerry cans that were also burned, the smell of gasoline stung. The witness was suspicious that the burning box car was about to supply bottles of gasoline to certain groups assigned to burn buildings and vehicles from Entrop to Jayapura City.

5.6. Witness 6 (Rally Participants): Burning of the Papua Provincial Election Committee Office

"On the second day (30 August 2019) we stayed at the Governor's Office. When the demonstrators were mostly sleeping on whatever ground was available, at around 03:30 a.m. Papua time, the office of the Papua Election Commission (KPU) caught fire. Both the field coordinator and the demonstrators were shocked when the fire and smoke soared. We were all afraid that fire which would spread towards the Papua Governor's office. To extinguish it, the field coordinator's friends contacted several parties, such as: PLN (Electricity Company) and the Fire Department with the aim: PLN to turn off the electricity and the Fire Department to put out the fires. But there was no quick response. Maybe the person we were contacting was still sleeping. Thank God, as time passes the fire got smaller, and stopped creeping towards the Papua

Governor's office. Until now we are still confused, who or which party burned it. Because the demonstrators in the courtyard of the governor's office were still sleeping, the entrance and exit of the governor's office were locked up.

6. Nusantara / Red and White Militia Groups Attack & Persecute Papuans to Death & Injuries in Jayapura

6.1. Death Toll

Based on data collected so far, there were 5 (five) civilians killed, 2 (two) of them because they were attacked directly by a group of non-Papuans who called themselves Nusantara Community Groups or Red and White Militia. Then there was 1 (one) person shot dead by live ammunition on the sidelines of an attack by militia groups in Kamkey, Abepura. While two other deaths have not yet been identified with the exact chronology of their deaths, but it was mentioned in the data on victims of the demonstration by the Papua Provincial Health Office dated September 2, 2019, which said that there were 6 civilians people killed. The following table shows the identity of the deceased so far that can be obtained:

Data of Death Victims

No.	Name of Victim	Address	Status	Incident	Description
1.	Marselino Samon (Male, Teenager, 15 years old)	Polimak 4 Kota Jayapura	Junior High School Student (SMP), Grade 3	29 August, 2019	Stabbed to death, the body was found behind the Jayapura Post Office
2.	Evert Mofu (Male, 21 years old)	Kloofkamp, Kota Jayapura	Container keeper & parking attendant	29 August, 2019	Stabbed in the head and died on the spot, his body was found in Telkom Park, Jayapura City
3.	Maikel Kareth (Male, 21 years old)	Yumassess Dormitory, Kotaraja	Student at Cenderawasih University, at Semester VII	31 August, 2019	Shot in the back translucent chest with live ammunition
4.	Oktovianus Mote (Male, 21 years old)	STIKOM Muhamadiyah	Student	30 August, 2019	The body was stored in the Bhayangkara Hospital freezer (in the hospital data on September 2, called Mr. X) and the family only took it on September 25, 2019. Family description: the

					victim's body was full of torture wounds.
5.	Amran (Male, non Papuan)			29 August, 2019	Shot by the authorities, the bodies were recorded at the Navy Hospital
6.	Unidentified Man (Male)				Information from the Provincial Health Office Papua: the body is found in Jayapura Hospital

6.2. Chronology of Death Victims in Jayapura

6.2.1. Marcellino Samon (Namblong Tribe, Genyem, Jayapura)

Name: Marcellino Samon (age 15 years)

Place / Date Born: Jayapura, April 10, 2004

Occupation: High school student (SMK N 2) Jayapura

Address: Batu Putih Polimak, Jayapura City

Event: Death due to militia attack in Entrop, Jayapura

The chronology of the murder is as follows:

On Thursday, August 29, 2019, at 3:00 p.m. Papua time, the victim and her brother were working to lift construction materials in their home complex, they heard there were demonstrators heading towards Jayapura City. The Victim along with his brother on a motorbike wanted to see the demonstration, they headed towards Entrop to see shops that were on fire. When they arrived at Entrop, it turned out that the road had been blocked by a group of non-Papuans carrying samurai, machetes, some wearing masks, with red cloths tied on their heads. According to his brother's account, they were both chased by a mob who blocked the road and surrounded the victim and then stabbed him with a samurai. A witness also said he saw the victim walking bent over with blood flowing from his body. The victim walked towards the side of the South Jayapura District office to a family home with the initials SH.

At 19.00 Papua time, the person with initial JA was riding a motorcycle on his way to Jayapura city, in front of the South Jayapura District office in Entrop. He saw a group of 300 people who had blocked the road and were checking indigenous Papuans. Every passing motor bike was required to open their helmet. If they use a car, they must lower the windshield. Suddenly one of the mobs threw an iron stick at Mr. JA. He jumped from the motorbike and fled, hiding beside the South Jayapura District office, at the SH family's home.

At 20.00 Papua time, Mr. JA saw a 15-year-old teenager pushing the side door of the SH family's house, the child was covered in blood and asked the family to take him

to the hospital right away. The boy hugged JA's legs. To JPIC Synod of GKI, JA said he prayed with the child but 4 minutes later the child died. They saw the stabbing marks on the boy's body and the blood flowed profusely. JA also said that he saw the army and police together with a non-Papuan group at Entrop, but they did not prevent the masses blocking the road.

At 20.25 Papua time, 5 people dressed in police clothing came to the SH family's house and forbade the family from taking pictures or photos of the victim. At 20.40 p.m. Papua time, 4 police officers came to collect the victims' body.

Saturday morning, 31 August 2019, at around 10:00 a.m. Papua time, the victim's father went to the Papua Regional Police Station to check the whereabouts of the victim because their children had not returned home for two days. A police officer asked for a photo of the victim and his father took a photo taken from the house, then the police told him that his son was at Bhayangkara Hospital (the Police Hospital), Kotaraja. The victim's father called his wife and asked to go to Bhayangkara Hospital. At 12.00 p.m. Papua time, the victim's mother arrived at Bhayangkara Hospital, and hospital officials asked to check directly at mortuary. According to the police officers at the hospital, the body of the victim was found next to the South Jayapura District office at Mr. SH's house at 08:00 p.m. At 12:00 p.m. Papua time, the body of the victim was brought to the family home in Polimak Batuputih and buried on Sunday, September 1, 2019 at 14.00 Papua time, at the Tanah Hitam Christian Public Cemetery, Jayapura City. On Friday, September 6, 2019, at 14.00 p.m. Papua time, 3 police officers came to the family with 1 ton of rice as a sign of mourning.



(Photo: Doc. of JPIC GKI Synod in Tanah Papua)



(Photo: Doc. of JPIC GKJ Synod in Tanah Papua)

6.2.2. Evert Mofu (Biak Tribe, Papua)

Name	: Evert Mofu (age 22 years)
Place / Date born	: West Biak, February 8, 1997
Address	: Jl. Pemuda No 34 A Kloofkamp, Kelurahan Imbi, Jayapura
Job	: employee of PT Kartika Citra Pertiwi, Jalan Koti, Jayapura
Occasion	: Death was attacked by militia in Kali Anafre, Jayapura City

The chronology of his murder as told by a witness is as follows:

On Friday, August 30, 2019, at 07.00 Papua time, the victim requested permission from Mr. IA (initials) at Kloofkamp to go to work together with the eye witnesses. At 08.00 Papua time, the two arrived at work and heard their friend said that there would be a demonstration from the Red and White Militia group. At 8.20 a.m. Papua time, the witnesses saw a group of non-Papuans of roughly around 200 people walking from the direction of Weret, Jayapura Port to Jalan Koti. They were escorted by TNI trucks and police officers. The group carried red and white flags, samurai, machetes, while shouting, attacking, and assaulting. Around 8.30 a.m. Papua time, the demonstrators passing through Jalan Koti approached the witness, because of fear the witness said, 'I don't know anything about yesterday's demonstration, I came this morning to work'.

The witness stood 15 meters away from the victim who at that time also stood on the side of the road. The witness saw a Red and White Militia mob pointing at the victim, saying, "There he is, chase him!" And the crowd ran towards the victim. The witness saw the victim run away but then fell and got back up, ran and jumped into the river near the Papua Provincial Legislative (DPRP) office. The witness saw the victim fell and get back up again and face the crowd and two people from among the crowd jumped down into the river while raising a machete to cut the victim's head.

At 10.30 a.m. Papua time, the witness used a motorbike to the security forces who were guarding in front of the Jayapura City Imbi park and reported the incident that he saw but he did not get responses from the security forces. At 11:00 a.m. Papua time,

the witness returned home to give Rp.50,000 to the victim's sister and Rp.50,000 to the father of the victim and told them to use a motorcycle taxi to look for the victim because of a demonstration by the Barisan Merah Putih group.

At 17:30 p.m. Papua time, Mr. IA gathered his children and counted them one by one because of the demonstration today, but the victim was not present. At 18:00 p.m. Papua time, Mr. IA called witnesses to speak privately and ask for the whereabouts of the victim. After hearing the witness's story, Mr. IA called their son named M who lives in Kotaraja to check on the whereabouts of the victim at Bhayangkara Hospital in Kotaraja. At 22.00 Papua time, witness M went to Bayangkara Hospital and asked about the victim's condition. A police officer who was on duty took out his cellphone and said that the pictures of the victims of the demonstration were taken to the hospital. Witness M knew that one of the photos was the victim's face. The officer said the body of the victim was found at 21:00 p.m. Papua time next to the Papua Provincial Parliament office.

After hearing the officers' explanation, witness M called Mr. IA to inform the body of the victim at the Bhayangkara Hospital, Kotaraja. Because he was not sure about the picture on the cellphone shown by the police officer at the hospital, at 22:30 p.m. Papua time, witness M returned to Bhayangkara Hospital to confirm the picture, then the police showed 5 photographs of the corpses of demonstrators to him, and one of them was a photo of the body of the victim. According to witness M, the 5 photos of the body shown by the officers were photos of indigenous Papuans including the body of a teenager.



(Photo: Doc. of JPIC GKI Synod in Tanah Papua)



(Photo: Doc. of JPIC GKI Synod in Tanah Papua)



(Photo: Doc. of JPIC GKI Synod in Tanah Papua)

6.2.3. Maikel Kareth (Suku Maybrat, Sorong)

Name	: Maikel Kareth (age 21 years)
Place & Date of Birth	: Yukase, 5 March 1998
Occupation	: Cenderawasih University Student, Mining Engineering Department, Semester 7
Address	: Yumassess Dormitory, Kotaraja, Jayapura City
Occasion	: The victim was shot dead in a militia attack at the Nayak Dormitory

Information from residents at the location when the attack occurred saw the shooting of the victim.

Sunday, September 1, 2019 at dawn, a group of Non-Papuan / Makassar-Bugis citizens who called themselves the Nusantara Group, from the direction of the Abepura Old Market went up to the Nayak Dormitory and attacked the students in the dormitory, using molotov cocktails, iron arrows called *sangi-sangi* and other arrows in

the form of nails, also machetes, iron and wood. Since 01:00 a.m. before the attack occurred residents heard electricity poles being beaten continuously, while at the same time there was an electricity outage in the surrounding area. At around 05.00 a.m., a loud voice called out to other residents to attack. There was also the sound of people running towards Nayak's dormitory. Upon that situation, the witness woke up everyone that was sleeping. The witness saw the victim opening the door of her brother's rented house and was going out to see what was happening outside the house. About one step, the victim suddenly fell and felt his chest hot. Shortly after, he passed out and blood poured out of his body. The witness heard a voice shouting for help, which turned out to come from the victim's brother. Residents close by who heard the cry came and lifted the victim to Abepura Regional Hospital. Arriving at the hospital, the victim was put into the Emergency Unit, and the paramedics made every effort to help, but the victim's life could not be saved.

The family asked the hospital to do an autopsy on the body of the victim to find out the type of bullet that hit his body causing him to die. The autopsy was done that night by Abepura Regional Hospital. Previously there was a tug-of-war, because the Papua Police wanted an autopsy to be carried out at the Bhayangkara Police Hospital, but the family objected based on their desire for independency of the autopsy data. So, the family asked Abepura Regional Hospital to do the autopsy. An autopsy showed the type of bullet that struck the victim's chest was a live bullet, tearing the victim's heart of *bu*, 15 cm. and according to the doctor's conclusion, the shooting was carried out from close range.



(Photo: Doc. Family)



(Photo: Doc. of GABAH Papua)

B. CHRONOLOGY OF VICTIMS IN JAYAPURA AND SURROUNDING AREA

1. Attacks on 29 August 2019

One of the victims of the attack named Atius Inup, aged 26 years, from Yahukimo Regency explained as follows:

"On Thursday, August 29, 2019, at 19:00 p.m., the victim on a motorbike was going home from Argapura to Sentani. When passing through the Tasangka-Entrop T-junction in the South Jayapura District Office, the victim was intercepted by a non-Papuan citizen who were blocking a road with sharp objects. The victim was hit by hard objects 3 times in the head, left and right hands were stabbed with 4 punctures. The victim's left leg was stabbed 4 times, and the victim's right leg was stabbed 4 times. The ring finger on the left hand was cut off. From the scene, the victim was taken to the hospital. The victim was treated for 2 days at Bhayangkara Hospital and treated for 4 days at Dian Harapan Hospital. He is currently recovering.

2. Assault Action 30 August 2019

2.1. The Attack at the Traffic Light at Argapura Hamadi T-junction:

The following is a chronology of events according to the description of one of the victims:

"On Friday, August 30, 2019, at around 14.00 noon, the victim along with Pastor Daud Auwe, 6 students and 1 female student (victims), departed from the Dok II Regional General Hospital returned to Sentani using an Avanza car. Upon arriving at the T-junction of the Argapura-Hamadi road, the victims were blocked by a group of non-Papuans. Initially Pastor Auwe tried to explain who they were and what the purpose of their trip was to a Haj who was there, hoping that the Haj could calm the residents who were blocking the road. But the Haj actually stabbed him in the head. The crowds who blocked the road told the victims to get out of the car, smashed the glass and the entire body of the car, then set the car on fire. Before the car caught fire,

8 victims were forced out through the windshield. The victims were cut with machetes, stabbed, with sharp-pointed iron (*sangi-sangi*), told to sit on the ground. An offender broke the hand of one of the victims and he desperately wanted to kill him. Seeing this situation, a man approached and shouted, asking the persons whom he knew to stop their brutal actions but the man's hand was cut off and had to be treated in hospital. A few moments later, the South Jayapura police chief was present at the scene and ordered the residents to calm down and do nothing about the victims. The victims were rescued and are currently receiving intensive treatment at a hospital in Jayapura".

The attack above was strengthened by the testimony of witness and victim witness, Mr. Raymond Wakano: "Friday, August 30, 2019, at 10:00 a.m., the victim was visited by Haji Tajudin, a Hamadi resident, from the Makassar tribe, South Sulawesi. The purpose of the visit was to ask permission to be with residents to maintain security at the Argapura Trafic Light T-junction. After asking permission from the head of the neighborhood, Haji Tajudin also asked permission from the head of the RW (greater urban area), Mr. Pontius Ayomi, with the same goal, namely to participate in maintaining security at the Argapura Traffic Light T-junction. At 10:30 a.m. Haji Tajudin and the Red and White Militia groups gathered at the Argapura Traffic Light T-junction. The groups brought samurai, machetes, badik and kalewang (Makkasar traditional knife & machete). They were about 200 people. They were doing sweeping and checking of Papuans.

A witness with the initial PM at 14.30 p.m. Papua time crossed the Argapura Traffic Light T-junction and saw an Avanza car boarded by Pastor Daud Auwe, a lecturer at STT (Theological Seminary) Walter Post Sentani along with 8 people crossing the road, they were blocked and intimidated by non-Papuan masses (Red White Militia), who were on guard at the location. The crowd smashed the glass window and the eight people in the car forced out through the car window, beaten, stabbed with a badik knife, shot with arrows (*panah wayar*), they were told to sit. Crowds set fire to the Avanza car of Pastor Daud Auwe. Seeing the car on fire, the people in the Argapura compound shouted and reported to the head of the RT, Mr. Raymond Wakano who was at his house. Mr. Raymond ran to the burning Avansa car and saw Pastor David Auwe along with 8 other victims at one of the houses in front of The Traffic Light injured. Mr. Raymond helped one of the victims named Mery to be put up in the DALMAS Police car because Mery was unable to walk and on her thigh there was a stab wound and it was bleeding.

After the victim was loaded into the car, suddenly one of the masses shouted, 'Allahu Akbar!', then unsheathed the samurai about to cut Mery's head, but hit Mr. Raymond Wakano's right arm. Mr. Raymond Wakano also saw a big Hajj man pulling out a knife and stabbing the priest David Auwe in the arm and hitting him on the head with an iron. Mr Raymond was taken to the Navy hospital in Hamadi, but he was

refused by the hospital and his family took him to the Aryoko hospital owned by the Indonesian Army at Kloofkamp. Mr. Raymond's right arm, which was hit by a samurai sword, was sewn 10 stitches.

After seeing the masses of the Red and White militia gathered at the Argapura Traffic Light T-junction and they set fire to the Avanza car of Pastor Daud Auwe, the head of the head of Argapura RW 01 rebuked Haji Tajudin to withdraw the mass that were with him and asked them to disperse. No one was arrested or examined by the authorities!



Mr. Raymond Wakano
(Photo: Doc. of JPIC GKI Synod in Tanah Papua)



Reverend David Auwe
(Photo: Doc. of JPIC GKI Synod in Tanah Papua)



Mrs. Meri Pigome (Rev. David Awe's group)
(Photo: Doc. Suara Papua)



Victim from *sangi-sangi* arrow
(Photo: Doc. Suara Papua)



Victim from *sangi-sangi* arrow
(Photo: Doc. of Abepura District Hospital)



Nail attack victims
(Photo: Doc. of Abepura District Hospital)

List of Victims
(Assault on August 30, 2019: Rev. Daud Auwe's Group)

No.	Victim Name	Address	Status	The incident	Description
1.	Daud Auwe (Male, 59 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani	Pastor, STT Lecturer Walter Pos Sentani	August 30, 2019	The head was cut with a samurai, the right hand was stabbed with a knife
2.	Feri Pigome (Male, 17 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani	Student	August 30, 2019	Back head was stabbed, right hand arched with iron, knees stabbed
3.	Andi Ogetai (Male, 23 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani	Youth	August 30, 2019	Armed with iron arrows on the forehead and back, the upper head is obstructed
4.	Meri Pigome, (Female, 19 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani	Student	August 30, 2019	The neck and fingers were hit with a machete, the right jaw and the head were hit with stones, the back and left thighs were stabbed with a knife, the right thigh was hit with iron and stone, as a result the victim was unable to walk.
5.	Elimelek Pigome (Male, 26 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani	Student	August 30, 2019	The back was hit with a beam, the right shoulder and the head were hit by a rocket
6.	Jonatan Pigome (Male, 44 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani	Student	August 30, 2019	The head is hit by a rock, the waist is struck
7.	Semi Pigai (Male, 19 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani	Student	August 30, 2019	The forehead was beaten with iron
8.	Alek Pigome (Male, 30 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani	Youth/ Driver	August 30, 2019	The head was hit by a rock
9.	Samuel Gobai (Male, 39 years old)	Pos 7, Sentani		August 30, 2019	The top and right heads were cut with a machete
10.	Daud Wakano (Male, 40 years old)	Argapura Mobile Regiment	Entrepreneur, Chairman of RT 01 Argapura Regiment	August 30, 2019	The right arm was cut with samurai

3. Attacks on Sunday (September 1, 2019)

Nayak Dormitory, Kamp Key: Jayapura City

Chronology: published by Nayak Dormitory Committee (September 2, 2019)

“Prior to the incident, on Saturday, August 31, 2019, at 11:00 am Papua, the Central Highland Student Board of Jayawijaya Union organized a coordination with the security forces, in this case, Abepura Police Chief, to seek protection in anticipation of the attacks by non-Papua citizens to the dormitory members. Accordingly, Abepura Police Chief visited Nayak Hostel at 12:15 p.m. to work together maintaining the security and order around the area behind Garuda store to Kamkey traffic light. Police confirmed that their members would be stationed at certain points. However, there were no security guards around the area behind the Garuda and Kamkey traffic red lights. On Sunday, September 1, 2019 at 02:00 p.m. behind the Garuda store and Kamkey traffic light to Tanah Hitam area, an assault from the militia group occurred. This Non-Papua organization first attacked residents living near the back of the Garuda store and impacted the occupants of the Nayak dormitory at the time.

The assault took about 5 hours before the security personnel from Abepura Police arrived at the scene of the attack. But the arrival of the security apparatus was not able to calm down the situation. On the other hand, several security agents joined the non-Papuan militia and fired several shots at several Kamkey residents and dormitory causing injuries people injured and one student was killed. Approximately 2 hours later military and mobile police personnel arrived and were stationed at some points of disturbance (Garuda Shop to Kamkey Trafick Light). They negotiated with non-Papua attackers and residents around Garuda witnessed by the Head of Abepura Police, but the situation was still heating up (scolding action) between the attacker and the Dormitory Residents as well as residents of the area. At 06:00 a.m., 2 security trucks and 1 strand from the Indonesian Navy headed to the scene of the incidence, after negotiations between the attackers and the residents so that the situation began to calm down and both sides dissolved by the security forces.

Another witness: A resident of the area near the scene testified that the attempt to create a riot (among the residents) in Kamkey area by Bugis-Makassar group residing in the Abepura Old Market, has actually taken place since Friday afternoon, August 30, 2019. On Friday around 05:00 p.m., a group of Bugis-Makassar residents in the New Market and the Old Market of Abepura began mobilizing the masses to stand by, barring the people of Papua going to the old and new markets, they were on standby until Saturday morning, 31 August, 2019. The same activity was done again on Sunday, August 31, 2019, at 18:00, with the standby Bugis-Makassar group of hundreds of young people daily working as sellers of alcoholic beverages and local alcohol drinks at both old and new markets. They were drunk while doing a sweeping against the indigenous Papuans. On Sunday night they burned down a motorbike in Kamkey,

Abepura and at dawn they attacked Paniai Dormitory and Nayak Dormitory. The Bugis-Makassar group attacked with knifes, machetes and arrows (special arrow called *sangi-sangi*). They attacked the residents since 02:00 a.m. and witness saw many Papuan residents being hit by wires and bullets. The witness regret that the mobile police, which came from outside Papua and was stationed near Kamkey, did not take any precautionary measures, they only watched, until 06.00 Papua time, then the Mobile Brigade began to disperse rioters, but this was after the clash between the Bugis-Makassar group and the Papuans was over.

The security apparatus seemed to deliberately let the militia groups continue for days. They did not move quickly to dissolve them or to remove the sharp tools they carried in public places, even though they threatened the safety of many.

According to the witness from Abepura Hospital: 14 victims were transported to the hospital as victims of the above attack, 1 (one) young man named Maikel Kareth of Maybrat, Sorong, a 7th semester student of Cenderawasih University, Mining Engineering Program, was allegedly hit by a bullet in the chest and died. 1 person was injured by a fragment of a molotov bomb, 1 female victim was hit by a bullet in the leg, and 11 others suffered injuries caused by iron arrows or bullets.

List of Wounded Victims from the Attack Nayak Dormitory I

No.	Victim Name	Address	Status	The incident	Description
1.	Milantus Rumheng (Male, 30 years old)	Kamkey	Medical Student, UNCEN	September 1, 2019	The right abdomen was hit by an arrow
2.	Sisilia Asso (Female, 19 years old)	Female Dormitory, Pandang Bulan	Student	September 1, 2019	A shot in the right thigh, was in critical condition
3.	Temi Wetipo (Male, 18 years old)	Nayak Dormitory, Kamkey	Student	September 1, 2019	The right foot was shot
4.	Linus Wenda (Male, 19 years old)	Nayak Dormitory, Kamkey	Student	September 1, 2019	Wounded by chopsticks arrow, feet and hands were stabbed
5.	Fransiskus Lokobal (Male, 26 years old)	Nayak Dormitory, Kamkey	Student	September 1, 2019	The wound on the left foot is arrowheaded
6.	Nathan Himan (Male, 20 years old)	Nayak Dormitory,	Student	September 1, 2019	Stab wounds to left and right

		Kamkey			ankles
7.	Manu Lokobal (Male, 19 years old)	Nayak Dormitory, Kamkey	Student	September 1, 2019	Wounds hit by a metal bow
8.	Papua Hamong (Male, 15 years old)	Kamkey	Youth	September 1, 2019	Stab wounds to the right leg
9.	Willy Watunwuluk (Male, 22 years old)	Kamkey	Youth	September 1, 2019	got a chopsticks arrow wound
10.	Yosep Asso (Male, 20 years old)	Nayak Dormitory, Kamkey	Student	September 1, 2019	got a chopsticks arrow wound
11.	Jefferson Mamawiso (Male, 26 years old)	Kamkey, Sorong Street	Student	September 1, 2019	Chopstick arrow wound on the right thigh
12.	Fredrik Sineri (Male, 23 years old)	Kamkey	Youth	September 1, 2019	Lower right thigh stab wound
13.	Moses Mote (Male, 38 years old)	Corrective Instituion Complex Abepura	Civil Servant	September 1, 2019	Stab wound affected by a metal bow on the left arm
14.	Fransiskus Asso (Male, 18 years old)	Nayak Dormitory, Kampkey	Student	September 1, 2019	got a wound in the right thigh
15.	Novander Kekri (Male, 17 years old)	Kamkey	High School Student	September 1, 2019	Stab wound on the left leg
16.	Yosep Wetipo (Male, 19 years old))	Nayak Dormitory, Kamkey	Student	September 1, 2019	got an arrow wound to the right thigh
17.	Marthen Saikaur (Male, 27 years old)	Kamkey	Youth	September 1, 2019	Stab wounds to left and right soles
18.	Alvian Samay (Male, 21 years old)	Corrective Instituion Complex Abepura	Youth	September 1, 2019	The wound on the right toe was hit by an arrow

From the patient data on the impact of the demonstration released by the Papua Provincial Health Office dated September 2, 2019, the number of patients (without full identity) in various hospitals in Jayapura City was 67 people, with details, 48 outpatients, inpatients 13 people, and 6 people died. In the appendix section of the report, only two hospitals provided a list of patients with complete identity and types of injuries or illnesses, namely, Dian Harapan Hospital and Bhayangkara Hospital. There is no complete identity of the patient from the Navy and Army Hospital, Marthen Indey.

The following is a table that lists injuries from various locations that can be recorded:

No.	Victim Name	Address	Status	The incident	Description
1.	Akulian Pekey	Sentani	Student	29 August at 18:15, in front of the South Jayapura Police Station	Beaten on the head to injury
2.	Eraus Hesegem (Male, 23 years old)	Sentani	Student at STT Wolter Post	29 August at 18:15, in front of the South Jayapura Police Station	Injured head & hand stabbed with a knife
3.	Sandrak Lokobal (Male, 22 years old)	Sentani	Student at STT Wolter Post	29 August at 18:15, in front of the South Jayapura Police Station	Head and hands hit with wood
4.	Maxi Kamesrar (Male, 24 years old)	Abepura	Sorong Dormitory	August 29, in front of the Papua Regional Police	18.15: Right side of his testa was hit with a rifle butt by members of the Regional Police
5.	Yomiles Weya (Male, 21 years old)	Abepura	Student of Lani Jaya	August 31, front of the Navy	12.40: a group of residents hold and stab their heads with a knife
6.	Ambalek Yikwa (Male, 21 years old)	Abepura	Student of Lani Jaya	August 31, in from of Papua Provincial House of Representatiives	Being chased by non-Papuan groups, running and falling, feet injured
7.	Amin Wanimbo (Pria, 22 tahun)	Waena	Student of Lani Jaya	August 31, behind Mega Waena	21.30: being chased by non-Papuan residents with sharp instruments, the victim fell into a ditch and injured
8.	Mandiles Wanena (Male, 22 years old)	Waena	Student of Lani Jaya	August 31, behind Mega Waena	21.30: being chased by non-Papuan residents with sharp instruments, the victim fell into a ditch and injured
9.	Eriance Yigibalom (Female, 22 years old)	Waena	Student of Lani Jaya	August 31, behind Mega Waena	21.30: being chased by non-Papuan residents with sharp instruments, the victim fell into a ditch and injured forehead wound
10.	Mundinus Pinim (Male, 33 years old)	Kampung Harapan	Youth		Head & foot injured
11.	Lainus Murib (Male, 22 years old)	Tanah Hitam		29 Agustus	Head injured
12.	Musa Ajay (Male , 17 years	Sentani	High School Student	29 August	Injured due to throwing stones

	old)				
13.	Modli Korwa (Male, 24 years old)	Kali Acay	Youth	29 August	Wound on the right foot
14.	Yapinus Lepi (Male, 30 years old)	BUPER, Waena	Youth	29 August	Head was torn & wound
15.	Silas Elli (Male, 20 years old)	Kampung Tiba-Tiba	Student	29 August	Trauma blunt force
16.	Simon Youwe (Male, 26 years old)	Corrective Instituion Complex Abepura	Youth	29 August	Sores on the chin due to blunt objects
17.	Danus Sermumes (Male, 24 years old)	Sentani	Youth	29 August	Right leg injured from jumping from the tower
18.	Aripinus Labeme (Male, 17 years old)	Kampung Harapan	HighSchool Student	29 August	Being hit, head blunt trauma
19.	Jordi Mudumi (Male, 16 years old)	Biak Street Abepura	High School Student	29 August	Left thigh shot
20.	Atius Inuk (Male, 23 years old)	Yahukimo	Local Parliament Member	29 August	the head, left and right hand were stabbed with a knife each of 4 stabs, the victim's left leg was stabbed 4 times, as well as the victim's right leg stabbed 4 stabs, the ring finger on the left hand was cut off.
21.	Petrus G Kudiai (Male, 18 years old)	Perumnas 2	-	29 August	Head wound
22.	Merlin Kalaka (Male, 27 years old)	New Sentani Market Complex	-	29 August	Closed right arm bone fracture
23.	Deky Warsaro (Male, 24 years old)	Police Complex	Student	30 August	Beaten and injured
24.	Ronaldo Romainum (Male, 45 years old)	Sarmi Street, Abepura	-	30 August	Foot injuries
25.	Abetius Wenda (Male, 29 years old)	Yugom Yugungwi, Lani Jaya	-	31 August	Minor Head Injury with torn wounds and femur fractures
26.	Pinggir (Male, 14 years old)	BTN Kamkey	-	29 August	Tear wound on the head
27.	Albertus Wenda (Male, 25 years	Abepura		29 August	A cut wound on the finger and a torn

	old)				wound on the spine ie the shoulder blade
28.	Toas Tabuni (Male, 25 years old)	Expo, Waena		29 August	Wounded/Abraded
29.	Lili Kogoya (Male, 19 years old)	Perumnas 3 Waena		29 August	Wounded/Abraded
30.	Demison Wenda (Male, 22 years old)	KM 9 Koya		31 August	Thigh injured
31.	Obet Karubaba (Male, 32 years old)	Hamadi Tanjung		31 August	Blunt trauma
32	Muh. Arham (Male, 20 years old)	Pasar Lama		31 August	Stomach wounded
33	Purwanto (Male, 34 years old)	Pasar Yotefa		1 September	Leg wounded

Main sources: Abepura Regional Hospital, Dian Harapan Hospital, Bhayangkara Hospital & Victim's Family.

C. DEMONSTRATION AND VIOLENCE IN FAK-FAK DISTRICT

According to the eyewitnesses, the demonstration against racism carried out by Papuans in Fak-Fak on August 21, 2019 began at around 7:00 a.m., centered in front of the Papuan Customary Council's Office, MbahamMatta Sub-Territory, at Jl. Dr. Selasanamudat, Fak-Fak. This demonstration was coordinated by the MbahamMatta Fak-Fak Anti-Violence and Discrimination Forum. During the mass demonstration, the witness went to Tumburuni Market which was located around 300 meters from the location of the demo. At the market, the witness met with a member of the Babinsa (from TNI's local level branch at the village) known to the witness, named Narto, from the Fak-Fak Military District. Narto stood with other fully armed TNI members on guard in the market.

Not long after, a group of people started burning down the front part of the Tumburuni market without any effort from the security forces there to stop it. About 30 minutes later the fire truck arrived at the location, but the arrival of the car was too late and the fire had burned the entire market building. About an hour after the market caught fire, witnesses saw the Red and White Front begin to gather and storm towards the Customary Council Office along with security forces. The security forces who were together with the Red and White Front line fired tear gas towards the Papuan demonstrators who were at the Customary Council's Office. Then witnesses watched the Customary Council's Office began to be burned. It was seen that Papuans in the Customary Council's Office ran to save themselves.

The following are civilians who suffered injuries in Fak-Fak:

1. 19-year-old youth, exposed to sharp tools until the intestines spilled out;
2. An adult man aged 50 years (initials AW) hit by a bullet in the right leg just above the knee and the skin is torn.



One victim stabbed by militia groups in Fak-Fak
(Doc. Humanitarian Workers).

Dozens of other residents suffered injuries due to machetes, knives and other sharp objects.

D. VIOLENCE IN DEIYAI DISTRICT

(The following information is extracted from the SKP Paniai (Catholic's Justice and Peace) report of the Diocese of Timika and Justice and Peace of the KINGMI Synod in Tanah Papua).

Demonstration against racism to Papuans in Deiyai District was held in the form of a peaceful demonstration by Solidarity Anti-Racism (SAR) with thousands of Papuan Deiyai people which began on Wednesday, August 26, 2019, at the courtyard of the Deiyai Regent's Office in Waghet, Deiyai. On the first day of the action, the demonstrators were directly received by the Deputy Regent of Deiyai, Hengki Pigai, S.Pt. While the leaders of the peaceful rally were giving speeches, suddenly a young

man climbed a flagpole in the Regent's office yard and tied the Morning Star flag at the end of the pole. The flag flew for 8 hours and then was lowered at 18:00 p.m.

On August 27, 2019, there was no demonstration. On August 28, 2019, starting at 07:00 a.m. until 17:00, the TNI-POLRI (military and police) troops were deployed from Timika to the Enarotali airport, in Paniai, using Avia Star, Airfast, TNI-AU helicopters and company helicopters. The troops moved directly to Deiyai Regency which took about 1 (one) hour by car. In Nabire, at around 09.30 a.m., 12 Indonesian Military Forces troops and 3 Mobile Brigade troops along with a number of public transportations departed from Nabire to Paniai and Deiyai.

At 07.00 a.m. -10.30 a.m., thousands of protesters protesting against racism again gathered at the Waghete soccer field, Deiyai Regency, which was about 1 km away from the Regent's Office. At around 11:30 a.m., the protestors began to long march into the courtyard of the Deiyai Regent's office to demand that the Local Government sign the statement of Rejection of Racism. For an hour the protestors along with the leaders of the demonstration made anti-racism speeches while occasionally shouting independent Papuan chants and singing. While the masses were giving speeches, the Regent, Deputy Regent, Chairperson of the DPRD (local parliament) along with the members did not appear, and this stirred the emotions of the demonstrators. When the leader of the demonstration gave speeches, the number of TNI-POLRI troops began to increase at the Deiyai regent office complex.

At 13.50 p.m., a young man named Yustinus Takimai, who was standing leaning against the fence of the Deiyai BKD office at the back door of the regent's office complex, was suddenly hit hard from behind by a Black Innova car used by the Army causing Yustinus's body to be squeezed up against a fence and he died on the spot. The protestors of the demonstration who stood nearby when they saw the incident, immediately shot at a TNI member who was in the Innova car, causing several TNI members to run out to save themselves, but an arrow hit one of the TNI members named Sergeant Rikson to death on the spot. Sergeant Rikson was in charge of driving the Innova car. Then a group of residents saw 9 weapons in the car, took them to the forest around the town of Waghete. This collision event then triggered further violence in Deiyai.



Aplius Pigai (victim died)
(Photo: Doc. Dept. of JPIC, KINGMI Synod in Papua)

At 14:00 p.m. hearing gunfire, the masses of demonstrations began throwing stones towards the district head's office, the mob also threw stones and shot arrows at the TNI-POLRI, which in response a barrage of tear gas and sharp bullets at the crowd, causing 3 youths died in front of the flagpole right in the courtyard of the regent's office, namely Aminadap Kotouki, Aplius Pigai and Pilemon Waine. Then two other young men named Hans Ukago and Derikson Adii were shot not far from the back fence of the regent's office. Hans died on the spot, his body was taken by the community, Derikson was rescued to Mogouda village but died at 16.00 in the afternoon. While 1 adult named Marinus Ikomouw (35 years) was hit in the chest and genitals, had run away to save himself but died in the middle of the road. One more young man named Jimi Douw (23 years) was shot in the stomach and left arm, rescued by residents to the nearest village and survived two days, then died. The total number of victims shot and killed are 7 (seven) people. Added by Yustinus Takimai --- who was hit dead by a car driven by the TNI --- so the number of victims killed were 8 (eight) people. While about 31 people were recorded, who suffered serious injuries and minor injuries from bullet fragments. Many demonstrators fled to escape into the jungle through the villages of Jaba, Bomou and Waghete, Deiyai.



Pilemon Waine (victim died)
(Photo: Doc. Dept. of JPIC, KINGMI Synod in Papua)



Derikson Adii (victim died)
(Photo: Doc. Dept. JPIC KINGMI Synod in Papua)



Aminandap Kotouki (victim died)
(Photo: Doc. Dept. of JPIC, KINGMI Synod in Papua Land).

After the shooting, at 03:00 pm Papua time, paramedics at the Deiyai District Hospital brought an ambulance to evacuate the shooting victims who fell in the courtyard of the regent's office, but the TNI-Polri officers tightly guarded the location and drove out the paramedics. In a harsh tone they shouted, "HEY YOU BACK, YOU ARE ALSO A PART OF THIS DEMONSTRATORS, "then they were forced to return to the hospital. Until 16:30 p.m., medical staffs at Deiyai Regional Hospital felt that there was a threat from the TNI-POLRI, so they chose to close the hospital and went home. At 19:00 p.m., 3 bodies were shot dead on the spot, along with 16 residents who were seriously injured and unable to save themselves from the district head's yard, evacuated by the TNI-POLRI to Paniai Regional Hospital in Uwibutu, Madi, Enarotali. Then at 21:00 p.m., the TNI-POLRI announced to the people of Waghete to immediately return the 9-point weapons taken from the black Innova car since this afternoon. Later, on August 30, 2019, the community collected 9 pieces of weapons belonging to the TNI that were taken from the TNI car by the community and then returned to the TNI through the Deiyai Regional Government and DPRD. During the trip to Paniai Regional Hospital until they arrived at the hospital grounds, 16 injured were severely tortured, beaten with rifle butts and kicked with barrel shoes. They were treated in Paniai Regional Hospital with very strict guard from the TNI-POLRI. On August 29, 2019 at 09:00 a.m. in the morning, Pastor Santon Tekege, Pr. went to Paniai Regional Hospital in Madi to pray for 4 dead bodies in the mortuary as well as to visit the injured, but TNI-POLRI officers who guarded the hospital refused him, even pointing weapons at the priest's face, so the priest was forced to go home. On 30 August 2019, at around 08:00 a.m., 3 bodies (Alpius Pigai, Pilemon Waine and Aminadap Kotouki) were transported from Madi Hospital, Paniai to the Timipotu Waghete Hospital in Deiyai. From 10:00 to 12:00, the families of the three victims came to Waghete District Hospital and picked up the bodies to be taken home and buried in their respective villages. The hospital helped deliver an ambulance.

On 31 August 2019, although still injured, 10 people were forcibly removed from Enarotali Hospital, transferred and detained at the Paniai Police Station on the grounds, to be asked for information related to the demonstration in Deiyai. While 6 other people are still in critical condition, so they were still being treated. On September 5, 2019, the police announced that the 16 victims were declared suspects of the Deiyai violence. On September 7, 2019, 4 victims who were still in critical condition, were also expelled from the hospital and transferred to be detained in the Paniai Police cell. Regarding the data of victims of the Deiyai incident, to date, the total number of injured victims has not been confirmed, as well as the number of victims killed. There is concern that the number of victims could increase because many of the masses who were hit by fear shot and chose to flee to the forest or surrounding villages to save themselves, and have not been able to confirm until now.

1. Deiyai's Post-Violence Intimidation

In addition, in order to make the injured as a suspect, hundreds of TNI-Polri troops from outside Deyai continued to be brought in, both by plane and by road, including hundreds of Mobile Brigades from Bali, this made the situation in Paniai, Deiyai and Dogiyai apprehensive, the people lived in fear.

From 2-6 September 2019, the Indonesian National Armed Forces entered villages such as Okomo, Diyai, Bomou I and Bomou II, and the authorities conducted sweeping of all the illustrated and Morning Star motifs such as noken/bag, bracelets, headbands, and t-shirts. The security forces also discharged machetes, knives, bows and arrows which were daily tools for the villagers when gardening, hunting or searching in the lake. In the villages of Bomou I, Bomou II and Kampung Yaba, the authorities took Bibles and then threw them into the trenches, people who used Koteka and Moge (traditional customs) were forced to wear clothes. Such actions make the villagers afraid and feel traumatized, and they do not want to go to the garden, enter the forest to get firewood, hunt or fish in the lake.

2. Intimidation of Church Figures

In addition to the community, the TNI-POLRI also intimidated officers from the Catholic Church and the KINGMI Church on duty at Deiyai.

On September 4, 2019, the TNI-POLRI used 5 Fortuner cars and a police patrol car to the West Tigi Sub-District, precisely in the Diyai Presbytery, West Tigi Parish, Timika.

Diocese and intimidated Father Demianus Adii, Pr. as the parish priest. The authorities also broke the fences of the houses and garden fences of the community in Diyai Village, West Tigi sub-District. In addition, on the same day, the TNI-Polri officers also demolished the house fence and garden fence belonging to the Diyai village community, Rt. Diyai II, West Tigi sub-District. As a result of the arrival of the TNI-POLRI with weapons, the villagers in the West Tigi sub-District were traumatized.

On 6 September 2019, the TNI-POLRI using 5 Fortuner cars and a police patrol car terrorized Pastor Ibrani Gwijangge, Pr., Damabagata Parish priest, Timika Diocese in Damabagata District, Deiyai sub-District. The authorities questioned him, "do you know about OPM activities here? Do you know OPM posts? Do you know the people involved in OPM activities?" To this question, Father Gwijangge answered that he did not know anything and his job was only to serve the local congregation.

Data on Death Victims
(Deiyai incident, August 28, 2019)

No.	Name	Status	Address	Description
1.	Yustinus Takimai (Male, 17 years old)	High School Student	Egepakigida	Was hit by a TNI car and crushed to death by a wall in the Deiyai Regency BKD office
2.	Alpius Pigai (Male, 29 years old)	Youth	Digibagata	Shot in the chest and died on the spot. Buried in Digibagata Village, West Tigi sub-District
3.	Aminadab Kotouki (Male, 24 years old)	Youth, KNPB Chairperson	Bomou II	Got a live bullet in the back of the translucent abdomen, died on the spot. Buried in Bomou II Village, Tigi District
4.	Pilemon Waine (Male, 28 years old)	Youth, Married	Wagomani	Shot with live ammunition in the chest and died on the spot. Buried in Wagomani Village, West Tigi sub-District
5.	Hans Ukago (Male, 25 years old)	Youth	Diyai II	Hit by sharp bullets in the back and chest, bullets lodged in the chest, died on the spot. Buried in Diyai II village, West Tigi sub-District
6.	Marinus Ikomou (Male, 35 years old)	Farmer, Father of 5 children	Ayatei	Hit by a chest, genitallis, and tear gas spray, he ran to Yaba village and died there. His body was taken by his family and buried in his village, Ayatei, West Tigi sub-District
7.	Evangelist Derison Adii (Male, 24 years old)	Youth, graduated from seminary	Atouda	Having been hit in the back of the head and chest, he was rescued to Mogouda Village and he died in the afternoon. The family picked up his body and was buried in Atouda Village, Tigi sub-District.
8.	Yemi Douw (Male, 23 years old)	Adult, with 2 children	Widimei	Got a sharp bullet in the stomach & left arm. Buried in Widimei village, North Tigi sub-District

Data on Injury Victims at the Deiyai Incident
The identity of victims of serious and minor injuries
at Paniai District Hospital

No.	Name	Date of Birth	Age	Status	Village / District	Type of Wound
01.	Yul Badii	06/01/ 1999	20 years old	Youth	Ayatei /West Tigi	Right thigh
02.	Bernadus Kotouki	11/ 04/2003	16 years old	High School Student	Bomou II/Waghete	Right Calf
03.	Yohanes Adii	16/12/1972	47 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Edarotali/East Tigi	Left Calf
04.	Juven Pekei	16/06/1984.	34 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Widimei/West Tigi	Translucent thigh
05.	Simon Pakage	17/09/1990	29 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Kokobaya/ Kapiraya	Right Arm
06.	Samuel Edowai	18/06/1993	26 years old	--	--	--
07.	Gergorius Tekege	14/03/1990	29 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Okomokebo/Wag hete	Right back
08.	Simon P. Ukago	10/05/1992	27 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Diyai II/West Tigi	Maltreated on the car to Madi Hospital
09.	Step Pigai	10/05/1993	26 years old	Student	Waghete II/Waghete	Maltreated on the car to Madi Hospital
10.	Melianus Mote	06/05/1987	32 years old	Student	Waghete II/Waghete	In the right eye
11.	Mikael Bukega	03/09/1993	26 years old	Petani/ Berkeluarga	Okomokebo/Wag hete	Maltreated on the car to Madi Hospital
12.	Alex Pakage	04/04/1991	28 years old	PNS/ Have a family	Oneibo/ Waghete	Left thigh
13.	Stepanus Goo	31/12/1990	29 years old	Youth	Jinidoba/Tigi Barat	Left thigh
14.	Yos lyai	01/04/1989	30 years old	Youth	Digibagata/ Tigi Barat	Left Calf
15.	Leander Doo	01/04/1989	30 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Watiyai/East Tigi	Left Calf
16.	Frans Nawipa		35 years old	Farmer/ Hav	Watiyai/East Tigi	The thighs hit the genitals

17.	Yonas Kayame		28 years old	Mahasiswa	Enarotali/ East Tigi	Back Waist
18.	Elihut Pigai		21 years old	Youth	Widuwakiya/ West Tigi	Right thigh
19.	Yance Dawapa		26 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Wagomani/ West Tigi	Maltreated on the car to Madi Hospital
20.	Elisabet Mote	29 years old	Student	Yaba/Waghete	Stomach and intestines come out	
21.	Yanto Dogopia	19 years old	Youth	Bomou I	Left thigh and right calf, seriously injured	
22.	Martinus Iyai	30 years old	Youth/ Have a family	Digibagata/ West Tigi	Left and right thighs, seriously injured	
23.	Yustinus Agapa	17 years old	High School Student	Widimei/ West Tigi	Middle right thigh, translucent, seriously injured	
24.	Apilin Mote	35 years old	Housewife	Yaba/ Waghete	The lower right side is translucent, seriously injured.	
25.	Naomi Pigome	28 years old	Youth	Digibagata/West Tigi	Luka lecet di betis akibat jatuh ke parit stlh terkena gas airmata	
26.	Felex Agapa	26 years old	Youth	Widimei/ West Tigi	Left leg calf	
27.	Karel Kotouki	64 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Widimei/West Tigi	Calf right leg	
28.	Alex Douw	23 years old	Youth	Widemei/ West Tigi	Right cheek	
29.	Andreas Douw	22 years old	Youth	Widemei/West Tigi	Underarms, severe injuries	
30.	Irarius Douw	25 years old	Youth	Widemei/West Tigi	shot in the arm, minor injuries	
31.	Frengki Pekei	24 years old	Youth	Gakobo/West Tigi	Back of the right back	
32.	Fenior Pekei	12 years old	Teenager	Jaba/Waghete	Right knee, can't walk	
33.	Agus Mote	20 years old	Student	Yaba/Waghete	Right eye scrape bullet	
34.	Ones Badii		Youth	Kogemani/West Tigi	Chest	
35.	Anggel Kotouki	20 years old	Youth	Bomou II/Waghete	Chest	
36.	Domin Pakege	25 years old	Youth	Bomou I/Waghete	Palm	
37.	Marthinus Dogopia	21 years old	Youth	Oneibo/ Waghete	Thigh	
38.	Amos Pakage	24 years old	Youth	Bomou II/Waghete	Stomach	
39.	Ukago Mabipai	20 years old	Youth	Diyai I/Waghete	Right foot	
40.	Titus Giay	24 years	Youth	Onago	Rear thighs	

		old		II/Waghete	
41.	Yufri Bobii	21 years old	Youth	Ayatei/Waghete	Right chest
42.	Olis Pekey	19 years old	Youth	Ayatei/Waghete	Right chest
43.	Leander Douw	28 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Gakobo	Left Head
44.	Yerino Madai	30 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Dagokebo/East Tigi	Left Foot
45.	Lidia Adii	35 years old	Housewife	Watiyai/East Tigi	Left Calf
46.	Paulus Adii	29 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Tokeugida/ East Tigi	Back
47.	Demianus Adii	21 years old	Youth	Udaugi/East Tigi	Broken legs hit by a TNI along with the late Justin Takimai
48.	Yulius Adii	30 years old	Farmer/ Have a family	Edarotali/ East Tigi	Right calf
49.	Leander Waine	29 years old	Farmer/ Have a family berkeluarga	Wagomani/ West Tigi	Under right armpit
50.	Yustinus Wandaga u	22 years old	State High School Student at Waghete	Waghete/ Waghete	Translucent right hand
51.	7 members of Mobile Brigade who secured the demonstration				Got injured due to shooting of arrows and throwing of stones

Special note: All those who were registered as injured were simply transferred by the Police to the Police Headquarters in Paniai and detained with the status of suspect related to the events in Deiyai.

Note: The number of seriously injured and minor injuries may increase because it has not been well recorded. The Indonesian National Police still controls Waghete, Deiyai.



Yance Dawapa (seriously injured victim)
(Photo: Doc. Dept. of JPIC, KINGMI Synod in Papua).



Elisabeth Mote at Paniai Hospital (seriously injured victim)
(Photo: Doc. Dept. of JPIC, KINGMI Synod in Papua)



Stef Pigai at Paniai Hospital (seriously injured victim)
(Photo: Doc. Dept. of JPIC, KINGMI Synod in Papua).

D. ARREST AND DETENTION OF POST ACTION CIVIL CITIZENS

After a wave of demonstrations against racism in various regions in the Land of Papua, the police have arrested and detained dozens of civilians, and charged them as suspects with various criminal threats, including, in the form of criminal acts of destruction, looting, arson, incitement, humiliation, possession of sharp weapons and treason.

The number of suspects and types of criminal charges are listed in the following table:

No.	Area	Incident in 2019	Arrest	No. of People Arrest	No. of People Suspect	Charges Articles
1.	Timika	21 August, 2019	21 August, 2019	46 people	10 people	Article 170, Criminal Law Code (KUHP), Emergency Law 12/1951
2.	Fakfak	21 August, 2019	1- 2 September, 2019	9 people	3 people	187, 160 jo 55, 56 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)
3.	Manokwari	19 August, 2019	19 August and 3 September, 2019	1 people, 1 people of the searching list (DPO)	13 people	170, 106 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)
4.	Sorong	19 August, 2019		3 people, 11 people of the searching list (DPO)	13 people	170, 106 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)
5.	Bintuni	19 August, 2019			1 people	Hate Speech
6.	Deiyai	28 August, 2019	28 August, 2019	16 people	16 people	170Criminal Law Code (KUHP), Emergency Law No. 12/1951, 212 Crminal Law Code (KUHP): to fight against officials
7.	Jayapura (1)	29 Agustus 2019	29 August, 2019	43 people	28 people	170 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)
	(2)		30 August, 2019	1 people	1 people	170 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)
	(3)		4 September, 2019	1 people	1 people	106 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)
	(4)		6 September 2019	2 people	1 people	106 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)
	(5)		10 September, 2019	20 people	2 people	106, 110 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)
	(6)		11 September, 2019	4 people	4 people	106, 110 KUHP
8.	Jakarta	26 August, 2019	30 August, 2019	8 people	6 people	106 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)

NOTES:

- Article 106 & 110 Criminal Law Code (KUHP) is about the act of treason
- Article 160 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)is about incitement.
- Article 170 Criminal Law Code (KUHP) is about vandalism and burning
- Article 187 Criminal Law Code (KUHP)is about crime against public safety.
- Emergency Law No.: 12/1951 is about sharp tool ownership.

1. Critical Record of the Suspect's Condition in Detention

1.1. Jayapura

The violations committed by the police against 26 suspects in Papua Regional Police after the demonstrations on 29 August 2019, are as follows:

1. Suspects do not have access to legal services. Investigators at the Papua Regional Police took their own initiative to appoint a lawyer without asking or giving space to suspects to choose lawyers by themselves;
2. Notification of detention and determination of suspects is only obtained by the family after the 3rd day and 4th day that they were detained. Some of them did not even get the letter in question;
3. According to the confession of the suspects that we successfully met on Wednesday, September 4, 2019, when they were examined / investigated for the preparation of the Minutes of Examination (BAP), they were not accompanied by a lawyer. Only on Tuesday, September 3, 2019, Investigators forced them to sign a power of attorney and the BAP with the lure that in the next examination process, they could replace lawyers. Whereas in practice so far, the first BAP will determine the entire subsequent examination process, both in the police and at trial in court. What is worrying is that when the contents of the BAP have been burdensome from the outset of the suspects' position, then in the next process in court proceedings, the suspect's position will be disadvantaged;
4. Access from the family to visit the suspects was only obtained when the lawyer and the legal advisor accompanied the family to the detention room of the Papua Regional Police on Wednesday, September 4, 2019 to get the power of attorney's signature;
5. From when they were arrested on 29 August 2019 and 30 August 2019 until 4 September 2019, the suspects claimed that they have experienced acts of violence and torture while being examined. They were forced to admit to crimes which they did not commit.
6. Below are the statements of the suspects and one of the victims of wrongful arrests as follows:

Victim's name	: Narius Gombo
Age	: -
Religion	: Protestant Christianity (GIDI)
Status	: Farmer
Address	: Waena
Status in case	: not charged as suspect, has been released.



Photo: Documentation of GABAH Papua.



Photo: Doc. GABAH Papua

Photo caption: visible wound on the victim's forehead & head.

The victim showed clothes covered in blood when tortured

Note: the victim joined the demonstration on August 29, 2019. According to the victim, the demonstration was initially peaceful. When the long march arrived in front of the Papua Regional Police, the authorities blocked the road so that the masses would not continue their action at the Papua Governor's Office. The apparatus shot tear gas. It was then that the victim was nudged to the side, arrested and herded into the Papua Regional Police Headquarters complex, at around 06:00 pm.

"The first day I was arrested, I brought down here (POLDA), the other friends were taken behind me. The first day I got hit, the second day I was also beaten, many took part to beat me. That first day I was beaten with hard wood, above my head, also at the forehead, the blood flowing down to my eyes, covered all my face, until I could not see anymore. I thought I was dead, thank God, I'm still alive. The first night I was with other friends, but the next day I was separated, I slept here (the victim pointed to a long bench in front of the Unit II Police for Investigation). While they hit me, they questioned me whether, I was throwing the stone or burning, I answered them that I didn't do anything ". The victim claimed that his head wound was treated in one of the rooms in the Papua Regional Police Complex. When asked if there was food while being detained in the Regional Police Headquarters, the victim explained that he was given food only twice. The victim was detained from August 29, 2019 and was only released on Wednesday morning, September 4, 2019.

1.1.1. Testimony of Prisoners:

Name : Dolvius Hisage
Age : 19 tahun
Status : Student
Religion : Christian-Protestant
Address : GKI Dormitory, Pdt. Liboran Padangbulan, Abepura

Information:

Dolvius was one of the field coordinators (Korlap) when the Papuan people held the demonstration. He was arrested by police on Friday, August 30, 2019 in the morning at around 06:00 a.m., at Lumba-Lumba, Dok 5, Jayapura City, when he was returning from Angkasa to his home at Abepura, Padang Bulan. After the arrest, the police took the victim to the Papua Regional Police. After arriving at the Papua Regional Police Station, the victim was beaten using rubber stick, kicked with barrel shoes, beaten using wood until the wood broke on the body. The victim was also beaten using a butt of a weapon targeting the front of the head and hindbrain. Blows are also directed to the face and eye area. These blows Caused serious injuries to the head of the victim as well as the right forehead, lip and the bottom of the eye was swollen and blue.



Photo: Doc. Papuan GABAH.

Name: Yali Loho

Gender: Male

Age: 27 years

Religion: Christian - Protestant

Status: Student

Address: Yalimo Expo Dormitory / Waena gas station

Information:

Yali was arrested by the police on Thursday, August 29, 2019 when the police released tear gas at the demonstrators at around 3:00 pm Papua time. At that time the victim tried to escape to the Navy Office and was arrested by the police who took him to the Papua Regional Police at around 10:00 p.m. Papua time. After arriving at the Papua Regional Police the victim was beaten using rubber stick, kicked with barrel shoes targeting the thighs and knees, and beaten with wood until the wood broke on the body.

Nama : Elo Huby

Gender : Male

Age : 19 tahun

Religion : Christian Protestant

Status : Student

Address : Pdt. Liboran Dormitory, Padangbulan, Abepura

Information:

Elo was arrested by police in front of the Indonesian Navy at around 17:00 p.m. and taken to the Papua Regional Police. The victim was beaten by police officers with rubber stick in the back of the body and kicked using barrel shoes.

Name : Agustinus L. Mohi
Age : 19 years old
Gender : Male
Religion : Christian - Protestant
Status : Student
Address : GKI Pdt. Liboran Dormitory Padang Bulan, Abepura

Information:

Agustinus was arrested in front of the Jayapura Navy when he took refuge in the Jayapura city park, and was immediately arrested by the police. At the time of arrest the police used violent beating with police shields and were told to crawl. After being brought into the police station, he was interrogated while being hit with the back of a bayonet. Police slapped him in the face. They were wearing white plastic handcuffs and hit him on the head twice. His abdomen is in pain due to being hit with a rifle butt and stabbed repeatedly with the tip of the weapon. The police told them to go to sleep and then, with their boots, trampled on their bodies. He claimed his throat hurts when he spits, feeling pain in both ears.

Name : Piter P. Meraudje
Age : 18 years old
Gender : Male
Religion : Christian - Protestant
Occupation: Vocational School Students Grade 3
Address : Jalan Ganemo, Hamadi, Jayapura City

Information:

The victim was arrested on 29 August 2019 at around 5 pm in front of the Jayapura Post Office by Brimob members. The victim was arrested after the motorbike he was riding to go home was stopped by the authorities, because he did not have complete documents. The motorbike driver disappeared, leaving the victim alone. In front of the post office, the victim was beaten by Brimob using rifle butts on the chest and back of the head, with wooden beams on the back and the whole body so that it made it hard to breath. In addition, Brimob used rattan to hit the victim's mouth, slap his face and lips until blood came out, his teeth were broken, his nose bones were injured and his

back head was injured, his ears were bleeding, but for several days he had been treated with hot water so he had improved. Brimob continued to beat him until around 6 pm, he was loaded into a pick-up car, the authorities there kicked him with barrel shoes and hit him with a shield of the police on his way to the Papua Regional Police. Arriving at the Regional Police, Peter was kicked many times while being forced to confess whether he had carried out vandelism or not.

Name	: D. Imanuel Huby
Age	: 19 years old
Gender	: Male
Religion	: Christian - Protestant
Status	: Student
Address	: Padang Bulan

Information:

The victim was arrested on August 29, 2019 when a mass of action arrived in front of the APO Navy TNI headquarters. The victim was accused of throwing stones three times at the guard post of the MRP office, TELKOM Office and one of the Ruko. The victim was hit by police officers using dead rubber twice on the spine and kicking with a barrel, police officers shot tear gas right in the ear and face of the left side, causing him to faint and his ear was split and bleeding. The victims were also told to crawl.

The following table contains information on other suspects detained at Papua Regional Police Detention Center:

Name of Suspect	Article to be charge	Education	Police Treatment
Mikha Asso		UNCEN, Faculty of Geology	Beaten by using the police handcuff and slingshot, targeting arm and forehead. Beaten with wood size 5.5, targeting spine.
Oktovianus Hisage		USTJ, Faculty of Technology	Beaten by using wood size 5.5, targeting the back head, pointing a rifle gun, beaten by using a hammer targeting knee, beaten by using a small foot targeting spine.
Dorty Kawena		UNCEN, Faculty of Law	Stomach is beaten by the weapon butt and deadly rubber stick, the spine, jaw and around the chin was beaten with boots.
Joni Weya	170 Criminal Law Code	UNCEN, Faculty of Civil Engineering	The spine and ribs were beaten with deadly rubber stick, the face especially the eyes were hit with the slingshot.
Lanti Nipsan	Emergency	UNCEN, Faculty of	The head, jaw, especially the eyes, and

	Law No.: 12/1951	Electrical Engineering	abdomen were punched. Ribs kicked with booths.
Wilem Walilo		-	The head was beaten by using a wood size 5.5 and weapon butt.
Persiapan Kogoya	170 Criminal Law Code	-	The face and jaw were beaten using shoes, the spine was hit with deadly rubber stick.
Ruvinus Tambonop		UOG, Faculty of Fishery	The spine was hit using boots.
Terius Entama		SMU/ High School	The spine was beaten with the use of boots, both hands were beaten with handcuffs.
Ronal Wandik	170 Criminal Law Code	UNCEN, Faculty of Law	Left-right hand was beaten by using a handcuff and rattan.
Lois Bosway		SMA/High School	The whole body was beaten by using handcuff
Ari Asso		STIPER	The spine was beaten with the use of electric fold .
Maikel Hilapok		STIKOM	Legs, knees and back of the neck were beaten using hammer, spine was thrown with iron.
Pandra Wenda	170 Criminal Law Code	UNCEN, Faculty of Teacher Training	The face was beaten with hands, both hands, feet and thighs were beaten by using electric folds.
Yoda Tabuni	187 Criminal Law Code, 170 Criminal Law Code	UNCEN, Faculty of Teacher Training	The whole body was beaten with electric folds, the front and back of the head were beaten using a handcuff and sandals, the head and spine were beaten by using a wood size 5.5, the face was pointed with a rifle gun.
Yosam Wenda	365 Criminal Law Code	UNCEN, Faculty of Teacher Training	The face was beaten with hands, both legs and thighs were beaten with electric folds.

1.1.2. Photos of Suspects in Papua Regional Police



The suspect was detained in the Papua Regional Police Criminal Investigation room
(Photo: Doc. Of GABAH Papua).



In the visiting room of Papua Regional Police Detention Center
(Photo: Doc. Of GABAH Papua).



In the visiting room of Papua Regional Police Detention Center
(Photo: Doc. Of GABAH Papua).

2. Timika

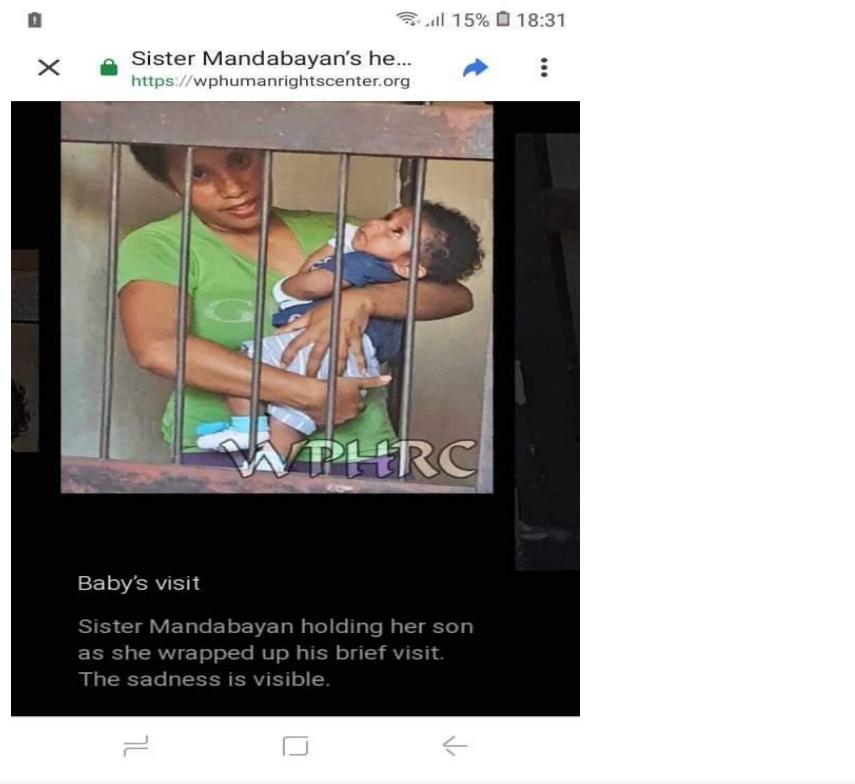
The suspects are not permitted to visit their families or legal counsel, since the day they were arrested and detained. Access to a lawyer has only been obtained 2 weeks after they were named as a suspect.

3. Deiyai

16 people who suffered serious injuries due to the shooting on August 28, 2019, their treatment in Paniai District Hospital was not completed. 14 of them were moved to be detained at Paniai Police Headquarters. There is a concern that the health conditions of the victims who were also named as suspects will be worse in the detention cell and could threaten their lives.

4. Manokwari

One of the suspects of treason, named Sayang Mandabayen (Female, 25 years), was detained in the Manokwari District Police detention room and forced to leave her 3-month-old baby who was still dependent on breast milk.



E. INTIMIDATION OF PAPUA STUDENTS & STUDENTS OUTSIDE PAPUA

After the racism and terror acts against Papuan students in Surabaya, Malang, Jogja and Makassar led to protests throughout Papua a new phenomenon started to occur against Papuan students and students studying on the islands of Java, Sumatra, Sulawesi, Bali and Kalimantan, where security apparatus went to schools, boarding houses, rented houses, and dormitories, asking for their identities, photographing their faces, calling students directly asking them to meet with unclear discussion agendas, even forcing them to make statements that showed they were 'loyal to the Unitary State of Indonesia'. These were recorded with video and then widely disseminated on social media. The action made the students feel terrorized, so that they were afraid and asked the family to find a way that they could return to Papua. Hundreds of students have decided to return to Papua, both by ship and by airplane.

Some testimonies show that the TNI-Polri come to campuses and schools where Papuan students are studying, and forced them to provide data about Papuan university students and high school students. Several local governments in Papua were also visited by security forces including BIN to request data about Papuan university students and high school students studying outside Papua. On September 2, 2019, a Christian high school in the city of Malang was visited by TNI intelligence who insisted that the school submit data on Papuan students attending school there. Thankfully the principal who is a nun refused to provide the data requested by the intelligence. In another example, on Monday 9 September 2019, the Regional Government of Tamrauw was visited by the head of the local BIN who asked for data from Tambrauw students who were studying on the island of Java. Forcefully the head of BIN requested data, but the responsible personnel did not provide it because, he was concerned that the data would be used to intimidate students. The following are photos of university students and high school students outside Papua who were intimidated by the security forces:



Papuan students in one of the schools in Bali
visited by the National Police.



Papuan female student at one of the main schools in Central Java was exercising & was visited by the Indonesian National Police



Students are forced to declare loyalty on the homeland.

F. ANALYSIS

While trying to understand all the events more deeply, we can firstly note that the demonstration in Jayapura on 19 August 2019 went well. The action was held to express feelings of humiliation, anger, frustration and sadness resulting from racist actions in various cities of studies in East and Central Java. A reaction and action that is very reasonable.

It should also be noted that the demonstration on 19 August 2019 proceeded with enthusiasm and a peaceful attitude. This was achieved thanks to the role of the field coordinators in working together with the security forces, especially the police, who also accompanied the protestors at the demonstration.

This was different to the demonstration held 10 days later (August 29, 2019), which was held for two reasons: [1] to continue to express profound humiliation due to racist actions in East and Central Java, and [2] the fact that the perpetrators of the racist action in East Java have not been seriously punished. Only a few soldiers were temporarily inactive.

The second reason was an additional disappointment on the part of Papuan people, because dozens of people were arrested in Papua (Manokwari, Sorong, Timika, Fakfak), while in East Java the perpetrators walk freely. This fact is indeed somewhat in line with a number of statements by security leaders at the national level that the events in East and Central Java are actually 'only a small thing', or which would later be described as 'only a hoax news'. The attitude expressed in such statements helped deepen the wounds of Papuans. Therefore, this additional action, the long march demonstration, was held again.

Based on the testimony of a number of elements organizing the second demonstration they hoped that this action would be as peaceful as the 19 August 2019 action. However, the reality was different, and anarchist actions were carried out from among the demonstrators.

How did this happen? [1] the demonstration was very large and had three groups, which were separated meaning that they could not be controlled by the field coordinators; [2] the security forces had a policy to not oversee the demonstration; and [3] there are strong indications that participants in the demonstration were invited and manipulated by an organized group that had the intention to create chaos and move towards open horizontal conflict.

1. How did the authorities respond to incidents on 29 August 2019?

The first response to the events of 29 August 2019 was to bring in additional Mobile Police-Military forces. In one or two days the number of additional troops was at least 4,000 and finally there were 6,000 additional personnel in both Papua & West Papua provinces (in addition to the large number of personnel who were already in Papua & West Papua). It turned out that most of the additional troops were already prepared to

mobilise on August 30, 2019 (see the attached departure list). With the presence of so many troops, Tanah Papua looks and feels like a Military Operations Area (DOM).

The actions by groups who felt that they had experienced losses and who called themselves "Nusantara Group" or "Red and White Group" colored the atmosphere in Jayapura and its surroundings (also in other areas such as Fakfak). The aggressiveness of this group is very high and they threatened anyone, but specifically "Papuans" or "the highland people". The action of these groups was only minimally limited by security forces and where security forces appear to control it, the perpetrators were able to go home free after being rebuked or after a negotiation is reached, while the victims, including the dead, are left to take care of themselves. Why did the security do this?

It should also be noted that when the National Police Chief and TNI Commander came to base themselves in Jayapura at the same time a police notice was published which made clear that the space for the Papuan people to move was limited, even completely stopped: both regarding the free expression of opinion, concerning freedom of association and rights restrictions for information. The police notice was issued both in Papua Province and West Papua Province (contents of information attached). It is increasingly felt that the center of security activities is in Papua and not in the places where everything was triggered because of real racist actions. People say: "they - the leader of the country represented by the security forces - smashed the smoke, while the fire was allowed to continue."

The National Police Chief - who was based in Jayapura at the time - had announced that he already knew who was behind the anarchist action in Jayapura, namely ULMWP and KNPB, and the list of people known to be the mastermind and engine of this action had been bagged. It is quite surprising that it is so easy to conclude who is behind this anarchist action. The above statement of the KAPOLRI which concerned ULMWP and KNPB was an attempt to divert the issue from the problem of racism to the issue of political treason.

What is also interesting is that the list of 'groups of suspects' is also linked to individuals outside the country such as Benny Wenda, and a lawyer who was just carrying out their professional duties was bothered until they also became a suspect. Of course, all these so-called groups are very open and have expressed their opinions and aspirations for a long time. So, their names must have been known by the security forces for a long time because it was considered difficult to solve the problem in Papua. So then, the situation that has not yet been answered is: on the basis of what data do the security forces determine these people as 'suspects'? And is the evidence strong enough and reasonable as a basis for arrest? Or is this incident in Papua now being used as a momentum to discredit parties - organizations and individuals - who express opinions and aspirations that are difficult for the state to accept?

2. What has been done to investigate what happened?

Very little is known about any serious investigation that has been done and by whom. This fact is not very helpful in order to get a complete picture of the background of people who were arrested. A serious investigation into the attitudes of various parties involved in the 29 August incident has not been carried out, including the participants in the demonstration, the non-demo groups involved in disrupting the demonstration, the 'groups ready to hit / assault' (including the Nusantara group), and the security forces who are never held accounted or made public.

In addition to the demonstration on August 29, 2019, it was also hoped that an investigation into the actual actions of the "Nusantara Group, and / or" The Red and White Group "would be carried out seriously. And last but not least: where is the investigation into the perpetrators of the shootings in the Deiyai violence case (at least 9 people died!)? The suspects who are currently detained in connection with the Deiyai case are victims who were being treated at the Hospital in Paniai; suddenly they were given the status of 'suspect', and their treatment process was seriously disrupted.

3. Arrest of the Suspects and Treatment of Victims.

A number of people have been arrested and detained. The style of arrest and handling of detainees raises many questions.

- a. Arrest and detention of civilians as carried out outside legal procedures in various cities in the Land of Papua. The situation in Jayapura provides strong evidence of this;
- b. Papuan civilians, mostly college students and high school students who were arrested and detained, allegedly suffered torture while in detention. The Suspects of the demonstration on August 29, 2019 in Jayapura became evidence that acts of torture are still a method used in the law enforcement process in Tanah Papua, despite the Anti Torture Law number 5 of 1998 which is the implementation of the Anti-Torture Convention which has been ratified by the Government of Indonesia;
- c. The detention of 16 victims of shootings and acts of violence by the authorities in Deiyai is a form of torture and gross violations of human rights;
- d. To this day, the public have not seen any real efforts by the police to find and named suspects – mostly the Red and White militia group, who perpetrated the persecution to death of 2 young Papuans, Marcelino Samon and Everth Mofu, as well as officers who shot dead Maikel Kareth in Jayapura;
- e. Efforts were so slow that it seems that there was no legal effort in exposing the perpetrators of the shooting of civilians in Deiyai;
- f. There is a difference between the treatment of law enforcement towards Papuans who carry out demonstrations in response to acts of racism against Papuan

students compared to the legal efforts to prosecute perpetrators of racism which appear to be going very slowly. This is a form of discrimination or another forms of racism in law enforcement;

g. The law of treason continues to be a weapon for the authorities in curbing democratic space and freedom of expression for Papuans, including people and groups who have solidarity with humanitarian issues in the Tanah Papua, for example, the fate of Surya Anta Ginting and Veronica Koman, who were made suspects of the actions rejecting racism by Papuan people.

G. DEMANDS

Considering all the facts above, we demand:

1. The police must be courageous and reveal who specifically or which parties are the real brains and perpetrators of the vandalism and violence which infiltrated the peaceful demonstrations rejecting racism on Thursday, August 29, 2019, so that ordinary people who do not know the problem, are not victims of unjust legal process;
2. The police must have the courage to reveal who and which patsy / supplied slingshot, marbles and stones used by a group of people to destroy the glass of various buildings in the city of Jayapura;
3. Likewise the police must be able to reveal who is responsible for providing and distributing Molotov cocktails to adolescents and young people who carried out the arson of buildings and vehicles throughout the PTC complex up to buildings in front of the port of Jayapura. This needs to be revealed in order to ensure justice and fair enforcement, so that the police do not blame the BEM, KNPB or ULMWP officials as those responsible for riots in Jayapura city;
4. Papua Regional Police and West Papua Regional Police should immediately arrest and prosecute perpetrators of violence from the Barisan Merah Putih (Red and White) militia and the Bugis-Makassar groups that killed and injured residents, both in Jayapura and in Fakfak;
5. POLRI, in this case, Papua and West Papua Regional Police should immediately release all members of the Papuan community who have been wrongly arrested and detained and made suspects in relation to the demonstrations rejecting racism;
6. Stop all acts of arrest and criminalization of members and administrators of ULMWP, KNPB and campus senates or BEM throughout the Land of Papua which have nothing to do with vandalism that occurred in demonstrations against racism throughout Tanah Papua;
7. The United Nations Human Rights Body, international human rights organizations and independent experts should be immediately provided

access and go to Tanah Papua to investigate acts of arbitrary and unlawful killing and acts of violence that have injured civilians in various incidents throughout Tanah Papua, because we no longer trust the performance of the National Human Rights Commission (KOMNAS) and its representatives in Papua, whose performance tends to protect State Crimes;

8. As the best solution to stop the prolonged conflict in the Land of Papua, we reaffirm the contents of the Pastoral Letter dated August 26, 2019, that is, we demand that the Government of Indonesia must hold formal dialogue with ULMWP and TPN-OPM mediated by a neutral third party (international) as they help a Dialogue with the people of Aceh.

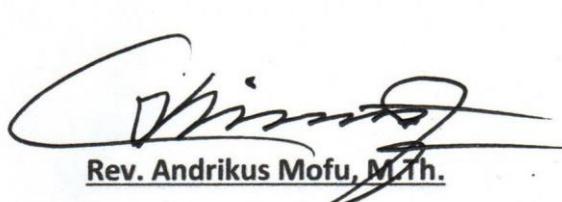
CLOSING

This report was prepared for all parties everywhere who want to find out the real facts behind the various incidents of violence that occurred in the Land of Papua from August 29 to early September 2019. May God, who is the Master of life, enable us all to uphold truth, justice and lasting peace in the Land of Papua.

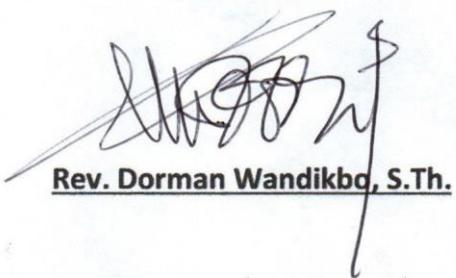
Jayapura, Sunday, October 13, 2019

Best regards,

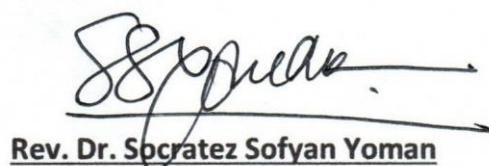
The Ecumenical Forum of the Churches in Papua,



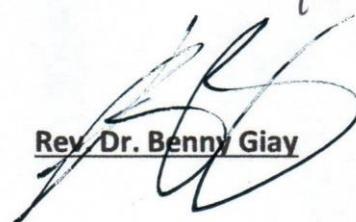
Rev. Andrikus Mofu, M.Th.



Rev. Dorman Wandikbo, S.Th.



Rev. Dr. Socratez Sofyan Yoman



Rev. Dr. Benny Giay